IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:

MAREMONT CORPORATION,1

Reorganized Debtor.

Chapter 11

Case No. 19-10118 (LSS)

NOTICE OF FILING

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on April 24, 2025, the **Annual Report, Financial Statements and Results of Operations of the Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2024**, was filed electronically by Stutzman, Bromberg,

Esserman & Plifka, A Professional Corporation with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the

District of Delaware, 824 North Market Street, 3rd Floor, Wilmington, Delaware.

Dated: April 24, 2025 STUTZMAN, BROMBERG, ESSERMAN & PLIFKA, A Professional Corporation

By: <u>/s/ Sander L. Esserman</u>

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COUNSEL FOR THE MAREMONT ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY TRUST

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¹ The last four digits of the Reorganized Debtor's federal taxpayer identification number are 6138. The mailing address for the Reorganized Debtor is 7324 Gaston Avenue, Suite 124, LB 430, Dallas, Texas 75214.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Andrea L. Ducayet, an attorney, hereby certify that, on April 24, 2025, a true and correct copy of the attached **Annual Report, Financial Statements and Results of Operations of the Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2024**, was served this day upon the parties listed on the attached Service List via email and electronically through the Court's CM/ECF System.

/s/ Andrea L. Ducayet

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IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:

Chapter 11

MAREMONT CORPORATION,¹

Case No. 19-10118 (LSS)

Reorganized Debtor.

ANNUAL REPORT, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OF THE MAREMONT ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY TRUST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Alan B. Rich, the Trustee of the Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "**Trust**"), created pursuant to the Modified Joint Prepackaged Plan of Reorganization of Maremont Corporation and Its Debtor Affiliates Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "**Plan**"),² hereby files this Annual Report, Financial Statements and Results of Operations of the Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2024.³

I. General

On January 22, 2019, Maremont Corporation and three affiliated debtors⁴ filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11, Title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware ("Bankruptcy Court"). On May 17, 2019, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order (I) Approving the Adequacy of the Disclosure Statement, (II) Approving the Prepetition

¹ The last four digits of the Reorganized Debtor's federal taxpayer identification number are 6138. The mailing address for the Reorganized Debtor is 7324 Gaston Avenue, Suite 124, LB 430, Dallas, Texas 75214.

² Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

³ Pursuant to the *Order (I) Granting Final Decree Closing the Chapter 11 Cases and (II) Terminating Claims and Noticing Services* (Docket No. 358), the Clerk of the Court shall accept for filing on the docket of Maremont Corporation's case (Case No. 19-10118 (LSS)), without the requirement that any party in interest seek to reopen Maremont Corporation's case, any report submitted by the Trust.

⁴ The three affiliated debtors were Maremont Exhaust Products, Inc., AVM, Inc., and Former Ride Control Operating Company, Inc. (f/k/a ArvinMeritor, Inc., a Delaware corporation).

Solicitation Procedures, and (III) Confirming the Modified Joint Prepackaged Plan of Reorganization of Maremont Corporation and Its Debtor Affiliates Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Confirmation Order"), which confirmed the Plan of the above-referenced debtors. On June 27, 2019, the United States District Court for the District of Delaware entered its Order Affirming the Bankruptcy Court's Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Confirming the Modified Joint Prepackaged Plan of Reorganization of Maremont Corporation and Its Debtor Affiliates Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Pursuant to the Plan, the Trust was established on July 9, 2019.

Pursuant to the Plan, Perry Browder, Beth Gori, Robert J. Cooney, Jr., Marcus Raichle, Jr., and Joseph Belluck are the members of the Trust Advisory Committee ("TAC") and James L. Patton is the Future Claimants' Representative ("FCR").

II. Reporting Requirements

Section 2.2(c) of the Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust Agreement (the "Trust Agreement") requires the Trustee to account to the Bankruptcy Court and file an annual report containing financial statements of the Trust and a summary of the number and type of claims disposed of by the Trust during the period covered by the financial statements. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, the annual report shall also include a description of the amounts paid during the reporting period to the Trustee, the Delaware Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR.

A. Financial Statements

A copy of the Trust's audited special-purpose financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**. Under Section 3.3 of the Trust Agreement, the Trust reports payments for Trust expenses. The Trust's operating expenses are listed in the

Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity. See Exhibit A attached hereto at page 5.

B. Asbestos Personal Injury Claims

The Trust began accepting Asbestos Personal Injury Claims on October 21, 2019.⁵ From inception of the Trust through the period ending December 31, 2024, 7,140 Asbestos Personal Injury Claims have been submitted to the Trust, including 1,006 Asbestos Personal Injury Claims submitted in 2024, as follows:

Disease Level	Claims submitted from Trust's inception through 12/31/24	Claims submitted in 2024
Mesothelioma 2 (Level V)	2,058	307
Mesothelioma (Level IV)	1,191	171
Lung Cancer (Level III)	3,218	488
Other Cancer (Level II)	357	17
Severe Asbestosis (Level I)	316	23
Total:	7,140	1,006

Of the 7,140 Asbestos Personal Injury Claims submitted to the Trust, the Trust has not approved 5,685 claims, consisting of rejected claims, claims with uncured deficiencies, and withdrawn and deferred claims. In 2024, the Trust liquidated and paid 263 Asbestos Personal Injury Claims, totaling \$1,311,778, after application of the Payment Percentage.⁶

⁵ Verus Claims Services LLC serves as the Trust's claims processor.

⁶ Asbestos Personal Injury Claims paid by the Trust in 2024 are reported herein on a cash basis.

C. Compensation and Expenses of the Trustee, TAC and FCR

Pursuant to Sections 4.5(c), 5.6, and 6.5 of the Trust Agreement, the annual report shall also include a description of the amounts paid during the period from January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024, to the Trustee, the Delaware Trustee, the Trust Advisory Committee, and the Future Claimants' Representative. Please reference the Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity in the Trust's financial statements, attached hereto, for this information.

Dated: April 24, 2025 Respectfully submitted,

STUTZMAN, BROMBERG, ESSERMAN & PLIFKA, A Professional Corporation

By: <u>/s/ Sander L. Esserman</u>

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COUNSEL FOR THE MAREMONT ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY TRUST

EXHIBIT A

Special-Purpose Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2024 and 2023



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Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Trustee of Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "Trust"), organized in the State of Delaware, which comprise the special-purpose statements of net claimants' equity as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity for the years then ended, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements (collectively, the "Financial Statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Statements present fairly, in all material respects, the net claimants' equity of the Trust as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and the changes in net claimants' equity for the years then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 2 to the Financial Statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Trust and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide our audit opinion.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 of the Financial Statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The Financial Statements are prepared on a special-purpose basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The special-purpose basis of accounting has been adopted by the Trustee to communicate the amount of net claimants' equity presently available to fund current and future claims. As a result, the Financial Statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with the special-purpose basis of accounting; this includes determining that the special-purpose basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the Financial Statements in these circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the Financial Statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the Financial Statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the Financial Statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of the Trust, the Trustee, the beneficiaries of the Trust and the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Upon filing with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, the report is a matter of public record, which public filing does not expand the list of specified users.

Dallas, Texas April 22, 2025

CohnReynickZZF

Special-Purpose Statements of Net Claimants' Equity December 31, 2024 and 2023

<u>Assets</u>

	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted Restricted Investments in marketable securities Investment in common stock of Maremont Corporation Accrued interest and dividend income Purchased interest Prepaid expenses Prepaid federal income taxes	\$ 3,018,394 142,800 47,163,689 1,400,000 429,255 885 10,696 7,632	\$ 2,286,473 179,400 47,457,653 1,400,000 432,378 14,134 10,696 22,212
Total assets	\$ 52,173,351	\$ 51,802,946
Liabilities and Net Claimants' E	<u> </u>	
Accrued expenses Accrued payments to claimants Claims processing deposits Deferred tax liability, net	\$ 89,384 2,318,228 142,800 897,548	\$ 54,264 1,805,744 179,400 774,942
Total liabilities	3,447,960	2,814,350
Net claimants' equity	\$ 48,725,391	\$ 48,988,596

Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Additions Interest and dividend income	\$ 2,959,217	\$ 2,167,079
Net gain on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization Filing fees collected on withdrawn claims	- 52,100	1,812,270 20,200
Total additions	3,011,317	3,999,549
Deductions Payments to claimants Net loss on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization Income tax expense, net Legal fees Trustee fees and expenses Claims processing fees Accounting fees Future Claimants' Representative fees and expenses Financial consulting Audit fees Trustee fiduciary fee Trust Advisory Committee counsel fees and expenses Insurance expense Consulting fees	1,824,262 522,585 387,186 165,162 72,489 60,666 58,650 43,151 28,000 26,178 25,000 20,068 17,760 15,175	4,268,969 - 774,942 124,601 81,673 45,059 58,137 23,609 28,000 21,739 25,000 16,940 18,076 9,000
Foreign tax expense Delaware Trustee fees and expenses	5,190 3,000	2,381 3,000
Total deductions	3,274,522	5,501,126
Net decrease in net claimants' equity	(263,205)	(1,501,577)
Net claimants' equity, beginning of year	48,988,596	50,490,173
Net claimants' equity, end of year	\$ 48,725,391	\$ 48,988,596

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 1 - Nature of Trust

Description of Trust

The Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "Trust") was established in accordance with the Modified Joint Prepackaged Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan") of Maremont Corporation and its Debtor Affiliates ("Maremont") pursuant to Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The purpose of the Trust is:

- To assume all liabilities and responsibility for all Asbestos Personal Injury Claims ("Claims");
- To direct the processing, liquidation and payment of all Claims in accordance with the Plan, the Trust Distribution Procedures ("TDP"), and the Confirmation Order;
- To preserve, hold, manage, and maximize the assets of the Trust for use in paying and satisfying Claims;
- To use the Trust's assets and income to pay holders of all Claims in accordance with the
 Trust Agreement and the TDP in such a way that such holders of Claims are treated fairly,
 equitably, and reasonably in light of the finite assets available to satisfy such claims, and
- To comply in all respects with the requirements for a trust set forth in Section 524(g)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Trust was established on July 9, 2019, the Effective Date of the Plan ("Effective Date") and is a Qualified Settlement Fund under Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") Section 468B for holders of Claims ("Qualified Settlement Fund"). The Trust operates as the Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust.

Pursuant to the Plan, Maremont paid \$47,632,372 in cash at formation of the Trust. Maremont also transferred its rights under insurance policies to the Trust, including \$8,000,000 from a certain insurer. Finally, the Trust received a 100% common stock interest in Maremont Corporation, the reorganized debtor, with an initial fair value of \$1,400,000 (see Note 3). In March 2020, Maremont Corporation transferred \$160,000 to the Trust representing surplus funds after payment of the post-effective date expenses.

The Trust is governed by a Trust Agreement and TDP that establish the framework and criteria for allowance and payment of Claims by the Trust. The Trust Agreement and TDP were approved by the United States District and Bankruptcy Courts as part of the Plan. There are five disease levels specified in the TDP. Each claimant who meets the medical and exposure requirements of the TDP for a particular disease level may apply for expedited review and a specified payment amount. Certain claimants also have an alternative, under the TDP, to submit additional documentation and request a more expansive review of their Claim ("Individual Review Process").

The Trust's assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, investments in marketable securities, and common stock of the Maremont Corporation, which, with the earnings or losses on such investments, are intended to be totally consumed by the allowance and payment of Claims and operation of the Trust. The percentage amount of each allowed Claim that will actually be paid will be determined by projections of total allowed Claims and operational expenses of the Trust, on the one hand, and total assets and net earnings or losses on the other. The Trust began accepting Claims on October 21, 2019 and began to pay claims in August 2020. The initial payment

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

percentage has been set at 28.4% and is subject to review and adjustment, in accordance with the Trust Agreement and the TDP. The Trustee is a fiduciary and is responsible for administering the Trust and the Trust's assets in accordance with the Trust Agreement and the Plan.

Termination

The Trust Agreement (Section 7.2) provides that the Trust shall automatically terminate on the date ("Dissolution Date") ninety (90) days after the first to occur of the following events:

- The date on which the Trustee decides to dissolve the Trust because (A) the Trustee deems it unlikely that any new asbestos claims will be filed against the Trust, (B) all asbestos claims duly filed with the Trust have been liquidated and paid to the extent provided in the Trust Agreement and TDP, or disallowed by a final, non-appealable order, to the extent possible based upon the funds available through the Plan and (C) twelve (12) consecutive months have elapsed during which no new asbestos claims have been filed with the Trust.
- If the Trustee has procured and has in place irrevocable insurance policies and has
 established Claims handling agreements and other necessary arrangements with suitable
 third parties adequate to discharge all expected remaining obligations and expenses of the
 Trust in a manner consistent with the Trust Agreement and the TDP, the date on which the
 Bankruptcy Court enters an order approving such insurance and other arrangements and
 such order becomes a final order, or
- To the extent that any rule against perpetuities shall be deemed applicable to the Trust, that date which is twenty-one (21) years less ninety-one (91) days after the death of the last survivor of all of the descendants of the late Joseph P. Kennedy, Sr., father of the late President John F. Kennedy, living on the date of the Trust agreement.

On the Dissolution Date or as soon as reasonably practicable, after the wind-up of the Trust's affairs by the Trustee and payment of all the Trust's liabilities have been provided for as required by applicable law, all remaining assets shall be applied to such charitable purposes, if practicable, which shall be related to the treatment of research on, or the relief of individuals suffering from asbestos-related disorders and such charitable organizations should not have any relationship with Maremont.

Following the dissolution and distribution of the assets of the Trust, the Trust shall terminate, and the Trustee shall execute and file a Certificate of Cancellation.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting

The Trust's special-purpose financial statements ("Financial Statements") are prepared using special-purpose accounting methods that differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The special-purpose accounting methods are being used to better communicate the equity available to satisfy current and future claims. Since the accompanying Financial Statements and transactions are not based upon GAAP, accounting treatment by other parties for these same transactions may differ as to timing and amount. These special-purpose accounting methods and the differences from GAAP are summarized as follows:

 The Financial Statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except as otherwise described herein.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

- The special-purpose statement of net claimants' equity is not classified, resulting in no separation between current and noncurrent assets.
- These Financial Statements do not include a statement of cash flows.
- Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost with accrued income shown separately.
- The funding received from Maremont and insurance settlements has been recorded directly
 to net claimants' equity. These funds do not represent taxable income to the Trust.
 Payments to claimants are reported as deductions from net claimants' equity and do not
 represent tax-deductible expenses of the Trust.
- The liability for accrued payments to claimants reflected in the statement of net claimants'
 equity represents unpaid outstanding and accepted offers, respectively. No liability is
 recorded for future claims filings and filed claims on which no offer has been made. Net
 claimants' equity represents funding available to pay present and future claims on which no
 liability has been recorded.
- TheTrust's investments in marketable debt securities are considered as available for sale. The unrealized holding gains (losses) on these investments are included in net gain (loss) on investments in marketable securities net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization on the accompanying statement of changes in net claimants' equity. Under GAAP, the unrealized holding gains (losses) on available for sale investments would be included as a component of net claimants' equity reported as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).
- The investment in common stock of Maremont Corporation (the "Corporation") is reported at the value of its sole asset, an income-producing commercial property located in Grand Blanc, Michigan. The property's sole tenant has a lease expiring in May 2032. The common stock was included in Maremont's Plan of Reorganization. Under GAAP, since the Trust owns 100% of the common stock in the Corporation, the Trust would consolidate the financial results of the Corporation and all significant intercompany balances and transactions would be eliminated upon consolidation.
- The investment in common stock of Maremont Corporation is recorded at cost which was the value received as part of the Plan or Reorganization in October 2018. The Trust has elected to report the investment at cost less impairment because the investment does not have a readily determinable fair value. Changes in fair market value of the investment, if any, will be included in net gain or loss in investment in common stock of Maremont Corporation in the special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity. Under GAAP, the investment in common stock of Maremont Corporation would be measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis in the special-purpose statements of net claimants' equity after initial recognition, with quantitative disclosures presented in a tabular format.

Use of estimates

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with the special-purpose accounting method requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Financial Statements and the reported amounts of additions and deductions from net claimants' equity during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying value of financial instruments and

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

investments in marketable securities and the Maremont Corporation, current and deferred income taxes and the accrued payments to claimants. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Financial instruments

The Trust's financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest and dividend income, investments in marketable securities, and accrued expenses. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest and dividend income, and accrued expenses approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature. The carrying amount of marketable securities is based on fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Trust considers all highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity value of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	2024	2023
Money market funds		
Fidelity government fund	\$ 463,891	\$ 180,763
Vanguard prime admiral fund	1,954,243	1,559,769
Texas Capital bank	273,470	262,266
MapleMark bank	274,814	263,399
Filing fee account	51,976	20,276
	\$ 3,018,394	\$ 2,286,473

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, restricted cash represents filing fees received from claimants, which will be refunded if the claim is accepted and retained by the Trust if the claim does not qualify for payment.

Concentrations of credit risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Trust to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, investments in marketable securities, and the investment in Maremont Corporation. The Trust maintains its cash and cash equivalents in accounts that are not federally insured but considers them to be of high credit quality. The Trust has not experienced any losses in such accounts, and it does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk.

The Trust's investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risk. Due to the level or risk associated with investments, it is at least reasonably possible that significant changes in risks in the near term may materially affect the amounts reported in the Financial Statements. However, the Trust has a formal investment policy of placing investments in high-quality financial institutions.

Investments in marketable securities and related income (loss)

Investments in marketable securities are reported at fair value in the special-purpose statements of net claimants' equity and changes in the fair value of investments, as well as realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in net gain or loss on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization reported in the special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity. Purchases and sales of marketable securities are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on disposals of investments

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

are determined by the specific identification method. Interest and dividend income are recognized on the accrual basis

Investments considered to be permanently impaired in value are written down to their estimated net realizable value and the write down is recorded as a realized loss on investments. Unrealized losses that are other-than-temporary based upon management's estimates using quantitative and qualitative criteria are recognized as realized investment losses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Claims processing deposits

Claims processing deposits represent filing fees collected for each unliquidated claim, which will be refunded by the Trust if the claim is paid.

Net claimants' equity

The Trust, under the adopted special-purpose accounting convention, does not record the liability for future claims expected to be filed over the life of the Trust. The net claimants' equity is available for (i) the payments of allowed asbestos-related claims and (ii) operational expenses of the Trust.

Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is established when it is likely that the deferred tax assets may not be realized. In the opinion of management, the Trust is not subject to state income taxes, and therefore, the Financial Statements do not include any provision or liability for state income taxes. Funds received by the Trust from Maremont, insurance settlements and distributions paid to settle asbestos claims are not taxable or deductible by the Trust.

The Trustee's estimate of the potential outcome of any uncertain tax issues is subject to management's assessment of relevant risks, facts, and circumstances existing at that time. The Trust uses a more likely than not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. To the extent that the Trustee's assessment of such tax position changes, the change in estimate is recorded in the period in which the determination is made. The Trust reports tax-related interest and penalties as a component of income tax expense and operating expenses, respectively. The Trust has recognized no increase in assets or liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits or expenses.

Subsequent events

The Trust has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to the date of the Financial Statements for matters requiring recognition or disclosure in the Financial Statements. The accompanying Financial Statements consider events through April 22, 2025 the date on which the Financial Statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Investment in Common Stock of Maremont Corporation

The Trust owns 100% of the issued and outstanding common stock of Maremont Corporation. The investment in common stock of Maremont corporation is recorded at cost, which was the value received as part of the Plan of Reorganization in October 2018. The value of the common stock was \$1,400,000. The Trust has elected to report the investment at cost less impairment because the investment does not have a readily determinable fair value. The Maremont Corporation's sole asset is an income-producing commercial property in Grand Blanc, Michigan. The commercial

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Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

property is leased to Dolgencorp, LLC which operates a *Dollar General* store under a 15-year triple net lease expiring in May 2032 that generates approximately \$91,000 in annual revenue. The lease includes five extension periods of five years each. Management believes the historical value approximates current fair market value and therefore, there have been no adjustments to the value of the investment in common stock of the Maremont Corporation since inception. The Maremont Corporation will fund the Trust with any surplus funds after paying the Corporation's operating expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no surplus funds paid to the Trust.

Note 4 - Investments in Marketable Securities

The Trust measures its investments in marketable securities at fair value, according to a hierarchy of valuation techniques. The following are the levels of the hierarchy and a brief description of the type of valuation information ("inputs") that qualifies an investment for each level:

- Level I Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date.
- Level II Pricing inputs are other than quoted market prices included in Level I, however, are observable indirectly for the investment.
- Level III Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

The following section describes the valuation methodologies the Trust uses to measure its financial assets at fair value:

Mutual funds. Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Municipal bonds: Value using documented trade price if trading in an active market. Otherwise, valued using a metrics system provided by the pricing vendors

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

The valuations of the Trust's investments in marketable securities by the above fair value hierarchy levels and the corresponding cost of the investments as of December 31, 2024 and 2033, are as follows:

	December 31, 2024			
		Fair		Net Unrealized
	Level	Value	Cost	Gains (Losses)
Mutual funds	1	\$ 15,456,048	\$ 12,334,549	\$ 3,121,499
Municipal bonds	II	31,707,641	32,403,334	(695,693)
		\$ 47,163,689	\$ 44,737,883	\$ 2,425,806
		Decer	mber 31, 2023	
		Fair		Net Unrealized
	Level	Value	Cost	Gains (Losses)
Mutual funds Municipal bonds	I II	\$ 15,602,424 31,855,229	\$ 12,468,586 32,478,288	\$ 3,133,838 (623,059)
		\$ 47,457,653	\$ 44,946,874	\$ 2,510,779

Maturities of the Trust's debt securities at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Level	Fair Value	Cost	Net Unrealized Losses
Due in one year or less	Ш	\$ 1,980,308	\$ 1,997,116	\$ (16,808)
Due after one year through five years	II	5,796,420	5,984,324	(187,904)
Due after five years through ten years	II	10,846,258	11,217,812	(371,554)
Due after ten years through twenty years	II	8,169,187	8,262,828	(93,641)
Due after twenty years	II	4,915,468	4,941,254	(25,786)
Total		\$ 31,707,641	\$ 32,403,334	\$ (695,693)

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

The net gain (loss) on investments in marketable securities is calculated as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024		 2023	
Realized gain (loss), net	\$	126,949	\$ (269,841)	
Unrealized gain (loss), net		(84,972)	2,848,508	
Management fees		(48,627)	(52,113)	
Custody fees		(16,247)	(16,200)	
Bond amortization		(499,688)	(698,084)	
Net gain (loss) on investments	\$	(522,585)	\$ 1,812,270	

Note 5 - Taxation

The Trust reports its income to the Internal Revenue Service as a designated settlement fund which is taxed at the highest rate applicable to trusts under Section I(e) of the Code, which was 37%.

The Trust's federal income tax expense (benefit) is calculated as follows:

		2024		2023	
Modified taxable income (loss) Tax rate	\$	1,131,422 37.0%	\$	(39,967) 37.0%	
Federal income tax expense (benefit) Deferred federal income tax expense Change in valuation allowance Utilization of NOLs		418,626 122,606 - (154,046)		(14,788) 1,053,948 (264,218)	
Income tax expense, net	\$	387,186	\$	774,942	

Temporary differences between financial reporting income and taxable income generate deferred tax assets and liabilities, as follows as of December 31:

	2024			2023	
Net operating loss carryforward Unrealized gain on investments	\$	- (897,548)	\$	154,046 (928,988)	
Deferred tax liability, net	\$	(897,548)	\$	(774,942)	

At December 31, 2023, The Trust had approximately \$416,300 of net operating loss carryforwards which were fully utilized in year 2024. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Trust made cash payments for income taxes of \$250,000 and \$-0-, respectively. The Trust is

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Maremont Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

generally no longer subject to income tax examinations by the Internal Revenue Service for the years ended December 31, 2020 and prior.

Note 6 - Trust advisory committee and future claimants' representative

The Trust Agreement sets forth the role and responsibility of the Trust Advisory Committee ("TAC") and the Future Claimants' Representative ("FCR"). The members of the TAC serve in a fiduciary capacity representing all holders of present Asbestos Claims ("Current Claimants"). The Trustee is required to consult with or obtain the consent of the TAC on certain matters identified in the Trust Agreement and the TDP. The TAC is comprised of five attorneys who are engaged by Current Claimants.

The FCR serves in a fiduciary capacity, representing the interests of the individuals who may file an Asbestos Claim in the future, but who at this time are unknown to the Trust ("Future Asbestos Claimants"). His role, in part, is to protect rights of the Future Asbestos Claimants. The Trustee is required to consult with or obtain the consent of FCR on certain matters identified in the Trust Agreement and the TDP.



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